

Early years SEN support

Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) - Assessment Tool Personal, Social and Emotional Development (PSED) Small Steps to: Managing Feelings and Behaviour

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excitement

Reacts emotionally to other people's emotions e.g. smiles when smiled at and becomes distressed if hears

another child crying

Personal, Social and Emotional Development: Managing Feelings and Behaviour **Unique Child Small Steps Observation Reference** Is comforted by touch and Respond to attention people's faces and voices by eye tracking, eye contact, smiles and Seeks physical and spontaneous body emotional comfort by movements. snuggling in to trusted adults Reaches for familiar adult Calms from being upset when held, rocked, spoken or (Birth to 11 months) sung to with soothing voice Shows a range of emotions such as pleasure, fear and



(8 to 20 months)

Unique Child	Small Steps	Observation Reference
Uses familiar adult to share feelings such as excitement or pleasure, and for 'emotional refuelling' when feeling tired, stressed or frustrated	Reaches for familiar adult. Pats and pulls at adult features	
Growing ability to soothe themselves, and may like to use a comfort object	Looks at own hands, often smiles and vocalises	
Co-operates with caregiving experiences e.g. dressing	Reacts to sensory stimulation, repeating actions for comfort	
Beginning to understand 'yes', 'no' and some boundaries	Makes sounds and movements to initiate social interaction	

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(16 to 26 months)

Unique Child	Small Steps	Observation Reference
Is aware of others' feelings, for example, looks concerned if hears crying or looks excited if hears a familiar happy voice	Seeking eye contact, moves to direction of vocal sound	
Growing sense of will and determination may result in feelings of anger and frustrations which are difficult to handle e.g. may have tantrums	Makes deliberate change to body movements to direction of vocal sound. Reaches for preferred objects of interest	
Responds to a few appropriate boundaries, with encouragement and support Begins to learn that some things are theirs, some things are shared, and some things belong to other people	Demonstrates preferences through body movement, gestures and vocalisations	



(22 to 36 months)

Unique Child	Small Stone	Observation Poterones
Unique Child	Small Steps	Observation Reference
Seeks comfort from familiar adults when needed Can express their own feelings such as sad, happy, cross, scared, and worried	Anticipates familiar adult will meet their needs	
Responds to the feelings and wishes of others. Aware that some actions can hurt or harm others Tries to help or give comfort	Imitates play e.g. you to me games and responding to rhymes	
when others are distressed Shows understanding and cooperates with some boundaries and routines Can inhibit own actions/behaviours e.g. stop themselves from doing something they shouldn't do Growing ability to distract self when upset e.g. by engaging in a new play activity	Repeats actions that produce a response from a familiar adult when exploring boundaries	

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(30 to 50 months)

	Unique Child	Small Steps	Observation Reference
V COURT	Aware of own feelings, and knows that some actions and words can hurt others' feelings	Co-operative play with familiar adult and peer	
	Begins to accept the needs of others and can take turns and share resources, sometimes with support from others	Dependant on adult to facilitate interactions with peers	
	Can usually tolerate delay when needs are not immediately met, and understands wishes may not always be met	Needs clear instructions with expectations	
	Can usually adapt behaviour to different events, social situations and changes in routine	With guidance and preparation from adult with use of visual recourses and objects of reference	

	Unique Child	Small Steps	Observation Reference
	Understands that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them	Responds and shows understanding when being told" No"	
)+ months)	Aware of the boundaries set, and of behavioural expectations in the setting	Following clear instructions and expectations with support of visual resources and objects of reference	
	Beginning to be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression e.g. when someone has taken their toy	Beginning to share independently without adult support e.g. handing toy to peer when asked. Seek adult support in managing challenging situations	

Personal, Social and Emotional Development: Managing Feelings and Behaviour					
Environment	Adult Led Activities & Experiences	Interaction & Engagement			
Do you have:	Have you tried:	Do you do:			
Key Person or familiar adult	One to one time with key person, tummy time etc.	Face to face interactions with over emphasis on facial expressions and sounds to gain a response			
Constant routines	Using routine times e.g. nappy time as an opportunity to build on experiences	Whilst engaging in these routine times over emphasis and commentary on their actions			
Quiet cosy areas away from high traffic and noisy activity areas	Floor cushions, fabrics, soft toys, rugs, voiles hanging from ceiling, different ways of sectioning off quiet areas	Rhymes with anticipation face-to-face, and giving time to respond e.g. Round-and–Round-the Garden, Peek-a-boo games Play with sounds, repeat their sounds e.g. blowing raspberries and their babbles			
Treasure baskets containing a variety of natural objects	Sensory, "touchy-feely", soft and hard textures, bottles, containers, large and small objects	Adult plays games, hiding under scarf etc. Modelling and engaging exploratory play Adults observe and respond to all signals and reactions			
Space to allow movement	Placement of objects slightly out of reach to encourage movement (crawling/reaching)	Adult to have an enthusiastic approach using facial expressions, gestures and body language to engage the child to make movement			
Activities which encourage children to share space.	Being aware of the commonality of children's interests	Adult to facilitate then draw back, making sensitive interventions to support forming relationships with peers			

A good understanding of child's interest	Different methods of gathering information by PLODS, Tracking Observation, Learning journeys	Ensure activities to sustain child's shared interest and support them with positive interactions by giving commentary on their play with peers Planned time for activities to support children in awareness of feelings and self-regulation of behaviour e.g. circle times, you to me games, turn taking simple tasks at routine times and by providing them with the vocabulary around their reactions and feelings (commentary as appropriate)
Time for Key Person to facilitate and promote positive interactions with peers	1:1 or small group initiating play then to withdraw whilst still observing from close proximity. Having sensitivity to support and step in when needed Giving clear instructions and using visual prompts e.g. objects/photos/signing according to child's level of understanding and need	