## The Derbyshire Early Years SEN Service - Celebratory Checkpoints. Birth to 3

When considering the aspects of development being observed, we should always have in mind the foundational learning themes that accompany and underpin the play and interaction we see.

Executive function includes the child's ability to, hold information in mind, focus their attention, think flexibly, inhibit impulsive behaviour. These abilities contribute to the child's growing ability to self-regulate, concentrate their thinking, plan what to do next, monitor what they are doing and adapt, regulate strong feelings, be patient for what they want and bounce back when things get difficult. Language development is central to self-regulation: children use language to guide their actions and plans. Pretend play gives many opportunities for children to focus their thinking, persist and plan ahead. **Personal Social and Emotional Development** The 7 C's of Characteristics of Effective Small Step Celebratory Checkpoints (including Development Matters checkpoints) resilience. Learning \* Is the child comforted by touch, people's faces and voices, can they be soothed with a cuddle, stop crying when picked Plaving and exploring – Competence I can achieve realise that my actions have up or smile in response to touch and sound, seeking contact with others? and make an effect on the world, so I Does the child, laugh, gurgle, smile, and makes sound in response to eye contact or follow a moving object with interest? progress repeat them. Does the child suck on hands or clothes to pacify or self-calm, cry if adult attention ends, show distress at being left alone Confidence | I reach for and accept have a go objects, making choices and or warv of unfamiliar events? exploring different resources and keep on \* At around 7 months, does the baby respond to their name and respond to the emotions in your voice? trying and materials. Does the child respond differently to familiar voices than unfamiliar voices, or smile more often to familiar rather than Connection I plan and think ahead about how to explore or play with I feel safe unfamiliar people? and secure in objects. Does the child show anticipation of routines when many cues are given e.g. flannel moving towards face or the smell and my I guide my own thinking and relationships: I know who Does the child attend to two people at once and scan between them? actions by talking to myself will support while playing. Does the child show a range of emotions such as pleasure fear and excitement, enjoy peek a boo game, show an me and who I I make independent choices can ask for awareness of being imitated, respond to a mirror by smiling and moving or follow the gaze of an adult? help and do things independently Does the child use voice, gesture, eye contact and facial expression to make contact with people and keep their that I have been previously Character | taught. attention, are they affectionate giving hugs and kisses? have a Does the child hand an object to an adult to request or continue more of a turn taking response or initiate a turn taking unique I can collaborate and learn personality, alongside my peers. interaction? interests, and Does the child react emotionally to other people's emotions laugh alongside an adult or become distressed if they hear strengths

	Does the child make sound or movements to indicate that social interaction should continue, (or stop) or direct careers attention to something they wish to share?	I bring my own interests and
Contribution	Does the child make sound or movements to indicate that social interaction should continue, (or stop) or direct	fascinations into setting. This
l make a	careers attention to something they wish to share?	helps me develop my
difference to		learning.
my family, to	Around 12 months, does the baby start to be shy around strangers and show preference for certain people and toys?	loannigi
	and toys?	
my setting		I respond to new experiences
and to the	Toes the child react to an audience, for example, repeats any activity or action which is received positively by a smile,	that you bring to my
things I do	or that is laughed at, applauded, or cheered? Does the child join in laughter during shared games?	attention.
and play	i ind is laughed at, applaaded, of checked. Does the oning join in laugher during shared games.	
with, all of	Toes the child look in a mirror, reach out for a mirror image or play with reflection in mirror but not realise image is self?	Active learning – I
which makes	· Does the child look in a minor, reach out for a minor image of play with reflection in minor but not realise image is set :	participate in routines and
me feel	Tooes the child gaze at pictures of self, remember faces of people seen regularly for example a therapist or family friend?	
	bes the child gaze at pictures of sell, remember faces of people seen regularly for example a therapist of family menu?	can predict sequences of
important	Does the child show differentiated feelings and emotions for example joy, fear, anger or surprise, do they make their body	familiar routines.
and valued	stiff and vocalise when protesting, do they become distressed if intended action is thwarted, for example reaches towards an	
	unsafe object which is removed by an adult?	I demonstrate goal-directed
Coping		behaviour to get to
When things	Does the child take a toy to a familiar adult for them to make it work, enjoy sharing new experiences with a range of adults	something I want.
are difficult, I	and begin to copy actions in play activities with adults, occasionally sharing resources?	contourning i want.
· · · · · ·	A begin to copy actions in play activities with addits, occasionally sharing resources:	I am a sum of some state to be for
can use my	Toes the child request a comfort toy or object to self-calm?	I can correct my mistakes, for
own ways of		example, instead of using
helping	Toes the child name familiar people in their lives? e.g. gangan,	increasing force to push a
myself, as		puzzle piece into the slot, I
well as	Around 18 months is the toddler increasingly curious about their world and wanting to explore it and be noticed	see if a different piece will fit.
looking to	by you?	
others for		I repeat activities and make
	Can the child find their own coat or shoes from a selection?	
support (I		connections.
can also let	Toes the child accept an adult varying a game, and interact happily with less familiar adults if a familiar adult is close by?	
you know		I keep on trying when things
what works	Toes the child copy a range of actions displayed in the play of other children and join in games of chasing?	are difficult.
and what		
doesn't)	$\star$ Can the child usually be distracted when upset and moved to a different activity?	I learn through trial and error.
doconty		ricam inough that and circl.
Control	Toes the child take off most items of clothing when unfastened, attempt to wash hands with adult support, and insert	Lucated may accure and a dulta
Control	spoon into mouth without turning it upside down?	I watch my peers and adults
have a range		(modelling).
of ways that	Toes the child actively cooperate with nappy changing (lies still, lifts legs) and sits on the potty with occasional use?	
help me feel	Anomal the angle of two shares the shift atom to another second and a second to be second at the second sec	Creating and thinking
in control and	Around the age of two does the child start to see themselves as a separate person, for example, do they decide what to play with what to eat what to wear?	critically
feel things	what to play with what to eat what to wear?	I take part in simple pretend
are		
	Does the child become upset if someone tries to complete a task for them or show persistence in expressing needs or without first met?	play.
predictable	wishes if not met?	

<ul> <li>Does the child show awareness of bowel and bladder urges or of what a potty or toilet is used for?</li> <li>Does the child watch the emotional reactions of familiar adults and use them to guide in new situations, for example, watches your face before climbing steps on a slide and stops if adult looks anxious?</li> <li>Does the child demonstrate care towards other children, play confidently and usually cooperatively with other children and tolerate brief separations from special people?</li> <li>Does the child like to play chasing games with adults or other children, copy a range of actions observed in the play of other children and show curiosity about others and modify behaviour to fit in with what others are doing, for example removing shoes and socks before going on slide after seeing others doing this?</li> <li>Between the ages of two and three does the child start to enjoy the company of others and want to play with them?note watch out for children who get extremely upset by certain sounds smells or tastes and cannot be calmed or children who seem worried sad or angry for much of the time. You will need to work closely with parents and other agencies to find out more about these developmental difficulties.</li> <li>Does the child become nervous during new activities but will 'have a go' if a familiar adult is present, develop shyness with strangers, especially adults; may hide against a more familiar adult when introduced</li> <li>Does the child bein in with social play activities led by more able partner and imitate some actions after they have seen them, show an awareness of others reactions and like to 'show off skills', liking to perform for others?</li> <li>Does the child show strong personal preferences for toys, clothes or show awareness of own feelings and knows that some actions and words can hurt others?</li> <li>Can the child communicate their need for the toilet and help to pull up or down clothing when using the toilet?</li> </ul>	I can sort materials, putting different toys in together when tidying I can review my progress as I try to achieve a goal, check how well I am doing to solve real problems I use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' and to understand another perspective. As I know more, I feel confident at coming up with my own ideas and make more links between those ideas. I concentrate on achieving something that's important to me and am able to control my attention and ignore distractions					
Thas the child begun to keep most food in a bowl or on a plate, and do they use a spoon and fork competently? Yen signs of engagement (2008)						
	han a by Llink					

Leuven signs of engagement (2008)						
1 Extremely Low	2 Low	3 Moderate	4 High	5 Extremely High		
I have limited activity	I show some degree	I am busy but without real concentration. I	I demonstrate clear signs of intermittent	I am continually engaged in the		
or concentration, I	of activity which is	engage in some routine actions, but my	involvement; I am engaged in the	activity and completely absorbed		
daydream and stare.	often interrupted. I	attention is often superficial. I am not	activity without interruption. Most of the	and focussed. I am highly		
I am passive and do	have intermittent	absorbed in the activity; activities are short	time there is real concentration, but	motivated and am not distracted by		
demonstrate goal	concentration and	lived. I have limited motivation with no real	during brief moments attention is more	strong stimuli. I exhibit attention for		
directed begaviour. I	look away during	dedication, and do not feel challenged; I do	superficial; there is a certain degree of	details, shows precision and am		
do not show signs of	activity or fiddle. I am	not gain deep-level experiences or use my	motivation when challenges occur; My	constantly addressing all my		
exploration or	easily distracted	capabilities to full extent; The activity does	capabilities and imagination to a certain	capabilities and enjoys being		
interets.		not address my imagination.	extent are addressed in the activity.	engrossed in the activity.		